GD350-EP 系列变频器快速使用指南

本指南简要介绍了英威腾低压专用变频器 GD350-EP 的外围接线、端子、键盘、快速运行、常用功能参数设置、常见故障及对策，常用通讯卡简介等。

按打服务热线 400-700-9997 或访问 www.invt.com.cn 获取更多信息及资源下载。保修条款详见完整版电子说明书。

扫描二维码，查阅对应系列产品完整电子说明书。

警告

- 本指南仅包含基本的安装调试信息。若不遵守相关文档中的安全说明和安装调试说明，可能导致设备损坏、人身伤害、甚至人员死亡等事故。
- 只有经训合格的专业人员才允许进行相关操作。

危险

- 禁止在电源接通的情况下进行接线，检查或更换器件等作业。进行这些作业前，须确认所有输入电源已断开，并等待不短于变频器上标注的时间或者确认直流母线电压低于 36V。

至少等待时间	变频器机型
5 分钟	3PH 380V 1.5~110kW, 660V 22~132kW
15 分钟	3PH 380V 132~315kW, 660V 160~355kW
20 分钟	3PH 380V 355kW 及以上, 660V 400kW 及以上

1 端子

图 1-1 变频器典型接线

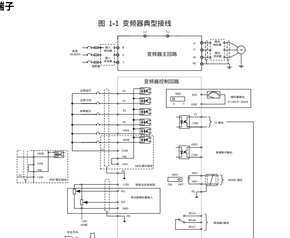


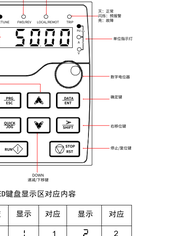
表 1-1 变频器端子说明

端子	说明
主回路端子	
R, S, T	三相交流输入端子，与电网连接
U, V, W	三相交流输出端子，一般接电机
P1	
(+)	• P1、(+) 外接直流电抗器端子 • (+)、(-) 外接制动单元端子/共直流母线端子
(-)	• PB、(+) 外接制动电阻端子
PB	
⏚	PE 端子，每台机器 PE 端子必须可靠接地
控制回路端子	
+10V	本机提供+10.5V 电源
AI1	模拟量输入；范围：0~10V/0~20mA；电压或电流输入由功能码 P05.50 设置
AI2	模拟量输入；范围：-10V~+10V
GND	+10.5V 的参考地
AO1	模拟量输出；范围：0~10V/0~20mA；电压或电流输出由跳码开关 SW2 设定
RO1A	继电器输出；RO1A 常开，RO1B 常闭，RO1C 公共端 触点容量：3A/250VAC，1A/30VDC
RO1B	
RO1C	
RO2A	继电器输出；RO2A 常开，RO2B 常闭，RO2C 公共端 触点容量：3A/250VAC，1A/30VDC
RO2B	
RO2C	
HDO	开关容量：50mA/30V；输出频率范围：0~50kHz；占空比：50%
COM	+24V 的参考地
CME	开路集电极输出的公共端，出厂时与 COM 短接
Y1	开关容量：50mA/30V；输出频率范围：0~1kHz
485+	485 差分通讯端口，标准 485 通讯接口请使用屏蔽双绞线，485 通讯的 120Ω 终端匹配电阻通过拨码开关或跳线选择接入
485-	
PE	接地端子

端子	说明
PW	开关量的外部电源输入端子。NPN 模式下，将 PW 与+24V 短接；PNP 模式下，将 PW 与 COM 短接
+24V	变频器提供用户电源，最大输出电流 200mA
S1~S4	开关量输入 • 内部阻抗：3.3kΩ • 可接受 12~30V 电压输入 • 双向输入端子，支持 NPN 和 PNP 接法 • 最大频率：1kHz • 可编程数字量输入端子，用户可通过功能码设定端子功能
HDIA	• 除具有开关量输入功能外，还可作为高频脉冲输入通道 • 最大输入频率：50kHz
HDIB	• 占空比：30%~70% • 同时具备 HDIA 和 HDIB 支持正交编码器输入，具有测速功能
+24V—H1	安全转矩停止（STO）输入 • STO 冗余输入，外接常闭触点，触点断开时 STO 动作，变频器停止输出 • 安全输入信号线使用屏蔽线，接线长度控制在 25 米以内
+24V—H2	• 出厂时 H1、H2 均与+24V 短接，使用 STO 功能时需将端子上的短接片拆除

2 键盘

本产品标配 LED 键盘。


5000
RUN
STOP RST
PRG ESC
DATA ENT
SHIFT
QUICK JOG
M.K
1:正转 2:反转 3:点动运行 4:键盘数字给定 5:端子给定 6:通讯给定
1:键盘指令控制 2:端子指令控制 3:通讯指令控制
1:运行中 2:停机中 3:故障中
1:键盘锁定 2:菜单锁定
1:运行参数 2:停机参数 3:故障参数
1:键盘电位计 2:端子UP/DN 3:通讯给定
1:运行时显示 2:停机时显示 3:故障时显示

功能码	名称	说明	缺省值	更改
P00.03	最大输出频率	4：PLC 可编程卡通信通道 5：无线通信卡通信通道 6：保留 注意：0 (Modbus TCP时) 及1、2、3、4、5 为扩展功能，需选配相应扩展卡才能使用。	50.00Hz	○
P00.04	运行频率上限	Max(P00.04,10.00)~599.00Hz	50.00Hz	○
P00.05	运行频率下限	P00.06~P00.04 (运行频率上限)	0.00Hz	○
P00.06	A频率指令选择	0：键盘数字设定 1：模拟量AI1设定 2：模拟量AI2设定 3：模拟量AI3设定 4：高速脉冲HDIA设定 5：简易PLC程序设定 6：多段速运行设定 7：PID控制设定 8：Modbus/Modbus TCP通讯设定	0	○
P00.07	B频率指令选择	0：键盘数字设定 1：模拟量AI1设定 2：模拟量AI2设定 3：模拟量AI3设定 4：高速脉冲HDIA设定 5：简易PLC程序设定 6：多段速运行设定 7：PID控制设定 8：Modbus/Modbus TCP通讯设定	15	○
P00.10	键盘设定频率	0.00Hz~P00.03 (最大输出频率)	50.00Hz	○
P00.11	加减时间1	0：加减速时间1 1：加减速时间2 2：加减速时间3 3：加减速时间4	机型确定	○
P00.12	减速时间1	0.0~3600.0s	机型确定	○
P00.13	运行方向选择	0：默认方向运行 1：相反方向运行 2：禁止反转运行	0	○
P00.14	载波频率设定	电磁噪音 / 电磁噪音 ↑ / ↓ 导线漏电流 / 散热量 15kHz 小 / 大 10kHz 小 / 大 1kHz 大 / 小	机型确定	○
P00.15	电机参数自学习	个位：电机基本参数自学习 0：无操作 1：完整参数旋转自学习 2：完整参数静止自学习 3：部分参数静止自学习 十位：初始磁极角自学习 0：无操作 1：旋转自学习1 2：静止自学习 3：旋转自学习2 百位：系统惯量自学习 0：不使能 1：使能	0	○
P00.18	功能参数恢复	0：无操作 1：恢复出厂值（不含电机参数） 2：清除故障记录 5：恢复出厂值（厂家测试模式） 6：恢复出厂值（含电机参数）	0	○
P01.00	起动运行方式	0：直接起动 1：先直流制动再起动 2：转速追踪再起动（有激磁） 3：转速追踪再起动（无激磁） 4：转速追踪再起动（软件）	0	○
P01.08	停机方式选择	0：减速停车 1：自由停车	0	○
P01.09	停机制动开始频率	0.00Hz~P02.03 (最大输出频率)	0.00Hz	○
P01.11	停机直流制动电流	0.0~100.0%	0.0%	○
P01.12	停机直流制动时间	0.00~50.00s	0.00s	○
P01.18	上电端子运行保护选择	0：上电时端子运行命令无效 1：上电时端子运行命令有效	0	○
P02.00	电机1类型	0：异步电机 1：同步电机	0	○
P02.01	异步电机1额定功率	0.1~3000.0kW	机型确定	○
P02.02	异步电机1额定频率	0.01Hz~P00.03 (最大输出频率)	50.00Hz	○
P02.03	异步电机1额定转速	1~60000rpm	机型确定	○
P02.04	异步电机1额定电压	0~1200V	机型确定	○
P02.05	异步电机1额定电流	0.8~6000.0A	机型确定	○
P03.00	电机1速度环比例增益1	0.0~200.0	20.0	○
P03.01	电机1速度环积分时间1	0.000~10.000s	0.200s	○
P03.03	电机1速度环比例增益2	0.0~200.0	20.0	○
P03.04	电机1速度环积分时间2	0.000~10.000s	0.200s	○
P03.11	转矩设定方式选择	0：键盘设定转矩（P03.12） 1：键盘设定转矩（P03.12） 2：模拟量AI1设定转矩 3：模拟量AI2设定转矩 4：模拟量AI3设定转矩 5：脉冲频率HDI设定转矩 6：多段转矩设定 7：Modbus/Modbus TCP 通讯设定转矩	0	○
P03.54	电机1电流环带宽	0~2000	400	○
P04.01	电机1转矩提升	0.0%：(自动转矩提升)，0.1%~10.0%	0	○
P04.09	电机1V/F转差补偿增益	0.0~200.0%	100.0%	○
P04.10	电机1低频转矩振荡因子	0~100	10	○
P04.11	电机1高频转矩振荡因子	0~100	10	○

功能码	名称	说明	缺省值	更改
P05.01	S1端子功能选择	0：无功能 1：多段速端子1 2：多段速端子2 3：多段速端子3 4：多段速端子4 5：多段速端子5 6：多段速端子6 7：多段速端子7 8：简易PLC暂停运行 9：简易PLC状态复位 10：摆频暂停 11：外部故障常开输入 12：外部故障常闭输入 13：频率设定方式切换 14：频率递增（UP） 15：频率递减（DOWN） 16：频率递增递减清零 17：三线式运行控制 18：加减速时间选择端子1 19：加减速时间选择端子2 20：加减速禁止 21：PID暂停 22：PID积分暂停 23：PID参数切换 24：PID作用方向取反 25：PID跟随给定 26：PID积分属性 27：计数输入 28：计数清零 29：长度输入 30：长度清零 31：转矩控制禁止 32：脉冲频率输入（仅对DI5有效） 33：外部停机命令1 34：直流制动命令 35：外部停机命令2 36：运行暂停 37：外部故障常开输入2 38：外部故障常闭输入2 39：用户定义故障1 40：用户定义故障2 41：PID控制切换 42：清除简易PLC状态 43：清除简易PLC记忆 44：清除摆频状态 45：清除定长状态 46：清除计数值 47：清除长度值 48：清除累计运行时间 49：清除累计上电时间 50：清除累计耗电量 51：清除累计运行时间（掉电保持） 52：清除累计上电时间（掉电保持） 53：清除累计耗电量（掉电保持） 54：停机卷径预设 55：卷径复位 56：火灾模式开启 57：锁相缓冲（表示锁相环锁住电网频率和相位），调试时可用于观察变频器锁相环工作状态 58：同步模功（表示变频器输出跟踪并与电网频率和相位完全同步），调试时可用于观察变频器工作状态 59：工频输出（正转）（工变频切换应用：同步已完成，用于控制工频接触器） 60：变频输出（工变频切换应用：同步已完成，用于控制变频接触器） 61：强行切换至50Hz变频 62：工频输出（间接控制）	1	○
P05.02	S2端子功能选择	同P05.01	4	○
P05.03	S3端子功能选择	同P05.01	7	○
P05.04	S4端子功能选择	同P05.01	0	○
P05.29	AI2下限值	-10.00V~P05.31	-10.00V	○
P05.35	AI2上限值	P05.33~10.00V	10.00V	○
P06.01	Y1输出选择	54：停机卷径到达 55：长度到达 56：火灾模式开启	0	○
P06.03	继电器RO1输出选择	57：锁相缓冲（表示锁相环锁住电网频率和相位），调试时可用于观察变频器锁相环工作状态 58：同步模功（表示变频器输出跟踪并与电网频率和相位完全同步），调试时可用于观察变频器工作状态 59：工频输出（正转）（工变频切换应用：同步已完成，用于控制工频接触器） 60：变频输出（工变频切换应用：同步已完成，用于控制变频接触器） 61：强行切换至50Hz变频 62：工频输出（间接控制）	1	○
P06.04	继电器RO2输出选择		5	○
P06.14	AO1模拟量输出选择	0：运行频率 1：设定频率	0	○
P06.16	HDO高速脉冲输出选择	3：运行转速（相对于2倍电机同步转速） 4：输出电流（相对于2倍变频器额定电流） 5：输出电流（相对于2倍电机额定电流） 6：输出电压（相对于1.5倍变频器额定电压） 7：输出功率（相对于2倍电机额定功率） 33：设定值力输出	0	○
P06.17~P06.22	AO1输出上下限设定	详见完整版电子说明书。	-	○
P07.00	用户密码	0~65535	0	○
P07.27~P07.32	最近故障类型~第5次故障类型	0~84 （0：无故障）	0	●
P08.28	故障自动复位次数	0~10	0	○
P08.29	故障自动复位间隔时间设置	0.1~3600.0s	1.0s	○
P08.37	能耗制动使能	0x00~0x11 个位：能耗制动选择 0：能耗制动禁止 1：能耗制动使能 十位：制动短路保护选择 0：无制动短路保护 1：使能制动短路保护 注意：22kW（含）以下和45~75kW默认无制动短路保护，用于洗涤环境时应禁通道。	0x01	○
P09.02	PID反馈源选择	设定范围：0~11 0：模拟通道AI1反馈 1：模拟通道AI2反馈 2：模拟通道AI3反馈 3：高速脉冲HDIA反馈 4：Modbus/Modbus TCP通讯反馈 5：PROFIBUS/CANopen/DeviceNet通讯反馈 6：以太网通讯设定 7：高速脉冲HDIB反馈 8：PROFINET/EtherNet IP通讯设定 9：可编程扩展卡设定 10：同步 和VVW电压反馈（有效值） 11：保留 注意：检定通道和反馈通道不能重合，否则PID不能有效控制。	0	○
P14.00	本机通讯地址	1~247 注意：从机地址不可为0。	1	○
P14.01	通讯波特率设置	0：1200bps 1：2400bps 2：4800bps 3：9600bps 4：19200bps 5：38400bps 6：57600bps 7：115200bps	4	○
P14.02	数据位校验设置	0：无校验（N, 8, 1）for RTU 1：偶校验（E, 8, 1）for RTU 2：奇校验（O, 8, 1）for RTU 3：无校验（N, 8, 2）for RTU 4：偶校验（E, 8, 2）for RTU 5：奇校验（O, 8, 2）for RTU	1	○
P15.01	模块地址	0~127	2	○
P15.02~P15.12 P15.32~P16.42	PZD2接收~PZD12接收	0~31 1：设定频率（0~Fmax（单位：0.01Hz）） 2：PID给定，范围（-1000~1000，1000对应100.0%） 3：PID反馈，范围（-1000~1000，1000对应100.0%） 0：转矩设定值（-3000~3000，1000对应100.0%电机额定电流） 5：正转上限频率设定值（0~Fmax（单位：0.01Hz）） 6：反转上限频率设定值（0~Fmax（单位：0.01Hz））	0	○

功能码	名称	说明	缺省值	更改
P15.13~P15.23 及P16.43~P16.53	PZD2发送~PZD12发送	7：电动转矩上限转矩（0~3000，1000对应100.0%电机额定电流） 8：制动转矩上限转矩（0~3000，1000对应100.0%电机额定电流） 9：虚拟输入端子命令，范围：0x00~0x3FF 10：虚拟输出端子命令，范围：0x00~0x0F 11：电压设定值（V/F分离专用），(0~1000，1000对应100.0%电机额定电压) 12：AO1 输出设定值1（-1000~1000，1000对应100.0%） 13：AO2 输出设定值2（-1000~1000，1000对应100.0%） 14：位置给定高位（有符号数） 15：位置给定低位（无符号数） 16：位置反馈高位（有符号数） 17：位置反馈低位（无符号数） 18：位置反馈设定标志（先写1再写0，则位置反馈寸可以设定） 19：功能码映射（PZD2~PZD12分别对应P14.49~P14.59） 20~31：保留	0	○
P35.00	闭环电压反馈来源	0~31 0：硬件采样 1：软件计算	0	○
P35.01	输出电压显示校正系数(硬件)	0.0~200.0%	100.0%	○
P35.02	输出电压显示校正系数(软件)	0.0~200.0%	100.0%	○
P35.03	霍尔传感器类型	0.0~200.0%	100.0%	○
P35.04	霍尔电流采样容比	0：2000	0	○
P35.05	欠压预警延时	0.0~20.0s 注意： 运行中：母线电压低于欠压点+40V时，开始延迟报警；母线电压低于欠压点且延迟时间到，则报欠压故障。 未运行状态：母线电压欠压点直接报PoFF。	0.0s	○
P35.06	软件欠压点1	0.0~2000.0V	420.0V	○
P35.07	软件欠压恢复点2	0.0~2000.0V	480.0V	○
P35.08	软件欠压点2	0.0~2000.0V	380.0V	○
P35.09	软件欠压恢复点2	0.0~2000.0V	480.0V	○
P35.10	电压补偿增益	0.00~0.01 注意：(电压 PID 闭环时无效) 应用于开环控制，主要是在重载运行时，需要电压补偿。	0.00	○
P35.11	输出角度补偿值	-180.0~180.0° 注意：(仅对同步模式有效) 0.0°为自动相位补偿模式，非 0.0°为手动相位补偿。	0.0°	○
P35.12	下垂母调有功功率	0.1~3000.0kW	机型确定(0.4kW)	○
P35.13	下垂母调无功功率	0.1~3000.0kVar	机型确定(0.4kVar)	○
P35.14	下垂有功对应频率	0.00~2.00Hz	1.00Hz	○
P35.15	下垂无功对应电压值	0.00~20.00V	10.00V	○
P36.00	变频器工作模式选择	0~3 0：普通模式 1：EPS 模式 2：VVW 同步模式（无扰切换） 3：变频功率模（有扰切换） 4：电压闭环模式 5：轴发模式 注意：选项 2 和 3 对应频率大小是锁相电网	0	○

功能码	名称	说明	缺省值	更改
P36.01	电网频率同步模式选择	网电压频率（P37.00），运行方向由频率正负决定。禁止调整 P00.13 设置方向，需要改变电机接线 UVW 输出线。 0x000~0x111 LED 个位：频率控制选择 0：单电网频率非同步模式 1：电网频率同步模式（该模式下转差补偿和自动转矩提升无效） LED 十位：电网锁相动作选择 0：快速跟踪模式(相位不连续，相位调整) 1：相位连续模式（相位连续调整） LED 百位：同步模式频率加速动作选择 0：经加速度电网频率 1：直接自动至电网频率（一般用于电组件负载）	0x000	○
P36.02	锁相测试模式选择	0：测试模式无效 1：测试模式有效（可按照 P36.03~P36.04 的设定值来模拟电网电压输入，此时实电网输入将被屏蔽）	0	○
P36.03	模拟电网频率	-60.00~60.00Hz	50.00Hz	○
P36.04	模拟电网电压值	0~31 1：运行频率（*100，Hz） 4：输出频率（*100，Hz） 5：输出电流（*10，A） 6：输出转矩实际值（*10，%） 7：输出转矩设定值（*10，%） 8：运行转速（*1，RPM） 9：输出电流（相对于2倍电机额定电流） 10：斜坡给定频率 11：故障代码 12：AI1值（*100，V） 13：AI2值（*100，V） 14：AI3值（*100，V） 15：HDIA频率值（*100，kHz） 16：端子输入状态 17：端子输出状态 18：PID给定（*100，%） 19：PID反馈（*100，%） 20：电机测速值 21：位置给定高位（有符号数） 22：位置给定低位（无符号数） 23：位置反馈高位（有符号数） 24：位置反馈低位（无符号数） 25：状态字 26：HDIB频率值（*100，kHz） 27：PG卡脉冲反馈计数高位 28：PG卡脉冲反馈计数低位 29：PG卡脉冲给定计数高位 30：PG卡脉冲给定计数低位 31：功能码映射（PZD2~PZD12分别对应P14.60~P14.70）	380V	○
P36.07	工变频切换参数设置	0x0000~0x1111 LED 个位：接触器动作时间学习使能 0：不使能 1：使能 LED 十位：正序微调上限频率和相位角度补偿自动学习 0：不使能 1：使能 LED 百位：工频接触器电气自锁保持 0：不使能 1：使能 LED 千位：复位系统状态 0：不使能 1：使能 注意： 接触器动作时间学习需要学习三次并求取平均值，接触器反馈触点只能接 S2 用于系统学习。 在学习微调频率时必须先完成接触器学习。 有关切换工频接触器如果选择使能，则 0.5s 后工频电磁线圈会断开，由用户进行电气自锁保持。	0x0000	○
P36.08	有扰工频接触器动作时间	0.000~2.000s	0.000s	●
P36.09	工变频切换接触器动作时间偏置值	-2.000~2.000s	0.000s	○
P36.10	正序微调上限频率	0.00~10.00Hz	0.50Hz	○
P36.11	正序相位角度补偿值	-180.0~180.0°	10.0°	○
P36.12	负序微调上限频率	0.00~10.00Hz	0.50Hz	○
P36.13	负序相位角度补偿值	-180.0~180.0°	10.0°	○
P36.14	工频停通后软延时	0.500~10.000s	0.000s	○
P36.15	同步输出滤波次数	0~65535	6	○
P36.16	端子锁脉相保护	0x00~0x11 LED 个位： 0：端子脉 RST 输入信号脉相保护（UIPL）禁止 1：端子脉 RST 输入信号脉相保护（UIPL）允许 LED 十位： 0：端子脉 UVW 输出信号脉相（UOPL）保护禁止 1：端子脉 UVW 输出信号脉相（UOPL）保护允许	0x00	○
P37.00	电网电压频率	-60.00~60.00Hz	0.00Hz	●
P37.01	电网电压有效值	0~2000V	0V	●
P37.02	输出电压频率	-60.00~60.00Hz	0.00Hz	●
P37.03	输出电压有效值	0~2000V	0V	●
P37.04	霍尔电流有效值	0.0~6000.0A	0.0A	●
P37.05	电网锁相输出状态	0x0000~0x1111 LED 个位：电网上电信号 0：电网掉电 1：电网有电 LED 十位：锁相环初始化标志 0：锁相环初始化未完成 1：锁相环初始化完成	0x0000	●

功能码	名称	说明	缺省值	更改
P37.06	切换信号	LED 百位：50/60Hz 电网显示 0：50Hz 电网 1：60Hz 电网 LED 千位：锁相缓冲标志 0：锁相未成功 1：锁相成功	0x0	●
P37.07	市电采集卡软件版本	0~65.535	版本确定	●
P37.08	输发输出有功功率	0.0~3000.0kW	0.0kW	●
P37.09	输发输出无功功率	0.0~3000.0kVar	0.0kVar	●
P37.10	输发输出功率因数	-1.00~1.00	0.00	●
P37.11	输发PLC电压调节指令	0~1000V	0V	●
P37.12	输发PLC频率调节指令	0.00~60.00Hz	0.00Hz	●

5 常见故障及对策

注意：我司正在升级故障码方案，部分系列产品已使用新故障码方案。"故障码显示"分两列分别显示新旧故障码。

故障码显示		故障类型	可能的原因	纠正措施
OUt1	E1	逆变单元 U 相保护	加减速太快； 连接 IGBT 内部损坏； 环境过低温动作；	增大加减速时间； 更换逆变单元； 检查风道和风机是否可靠接地；
OUt2	E2	逆变单元 V 相保护	驱动板连接不良； 受扰动导致；	请检查驱动线是否松动；
OUt3	E3	逆变单元 W 相保护	控制板或驱动板异常； 辅助电源低压；	检查电机线缆和电机对地是否有短路；
OC1	E4	加速过电流	瞬时过流；	更换主控板；
OC2	E5	减速过电流	加减速太快；	增大加减速时间；
OC3	E6	恒速过电流	电网电压偏低； 变频器功率偏小； 负载突变或异常；	调高电网输入电压； 选择功率更大的变频器； 检查电机是否堵转或转动惯量过大；
OV1	E7	加速过电压	输入电压异常；	检查电网电压是否正常；
OV2	E8	减速过电压	减速时间太短；	检查是否存在旋转负载（电机线缆）或再接触器、系统可靠接地）；
OV3	E9	恒速过电压	输入电压异常；	增大加减速时间；
UV	E10	母线欠压故障	电网电压过低；	检查输入电压；
OL1	E11	电机过载	电网电压过低；	检查电网电压是否正常；
OL2	E12	变频器过载	加速太快；	增大加减时间；
SPI	E13	输入侧缺相	输入 R、S、T 缺相或波动大；	检查输入电压是否正常和输入线缆是否有松动；
SPO	E14	输出侧缺相	输出 U、V、W 缺相或负载三相	检查输出线缆是否有松动或破损；
OH2	E16	逆变模块过热故障	风道堵塞或风扇损坏；	清理风道或更换风扇；
cE	E18	485 通讯故障	波特率设置不当；	设置合适的波特率；
tE	E20	电机自学习故障	电机参数设置不当；	检查电机参数设置是否正确；
dEu	E34	速度偏差故障	负载过重或者被堵转。	检查负载是否过重或过重，增加速度偏差检出时间或把加减速时间加长；
STo	E35	失调故障	负载异常； 同步电机参数设置不当； 电机自学习参数不准；	检查电机参数设置是否正确，反电动势设置是否正确； 重新做电机参数自学习；

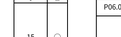
故障码显示		故障类型	可能的原因	纠正措施
G-TE	E71	市电采集卡采样芯片故障	采集电路的零漂偏大。	更换市电采集卡。
PLLE	E78	锁相失败	电网 25ms 以后，锁相频率与电网频率偏差超出 2Hz，或者电网突然掉电而不能掉电运行，则会报此故障。	检查端子 RST 接线是否正常且是否正常。
UIPE	E79	同步卡输入反序	检查端子 RST 三相输入接线是否正常，以及键盘显示正反方向（方向灯）和 锁相时电网电压 频率（P37.00）是否一致。	检查端子 RST 三相输入接线是否正常，以及键盘显示正反方向（方向灯）和 锁相时电网电压 频率（P37.00）是否一致。
UOPE	E80	同步卡输出反序	当输出频率（P37.03）和锁相电网电压频率（P37.00）相反，且输出电压有效值超过 0.25 倍额定电压时报输出反序故障。	检查是否是反馈电压 UVW 采样线接线序是否正确。
UIPL	E81	同步卡输入缺相	在非故障状态下，同步卡的 RST 输入电压出现不平衡。	同步卡 RST 是否上电且接线是否正常。
UOPL	E82	同步卡输出缺相	P36.00 的模式 1 和模式 2 中，且非故障状态且同步成功后，同步卡 UVW 输出电压出现不平衡。	同步卡 UVW 是否上电且接线是否正常。

6 扩展卡

6.1 常用通讯卡

6.1.1 PROFIBUS-DP 通信卡 (EC-TX503)

采用 9 针 D 型插头，连接器插针的分配如表所示。



连接器插针	说明
1、2、7、9	- 未使用
3	B-Line 数据正（双绞线 1）
4	RTS 发送请求
5	GND_BUS 隔离地
6	+5V BUS 隔离的 5V DC 供电
8	A-Line 数据负（双绞线 2）
Housing	SHLD PROFIBUS 电缆屏蔽线

6.1.2 CAN 多协议通讯卡 (EC-TX505C)

采用欧式螺接端子。

端子标识	名称	描述
PGND	隔离地	CAN 总线隔离地
PE	屏蔽线	CAN 总线屏蔽
CANH	CAN 正输入	CAN 总线高电平信号
CANL	CAN 负输入	CAN 总线低电平信号
CAN	CAN 终端电阻开关	OFF: CAN_H 和 CAN_L 无连接终端电阻 ON: CAN_H 和 CAN_L 连接终端电阻

注意：对于此款扩展卡，请上电前根据实际使用协议，按以下关系设好拨码开关 SW2。

SW2 拨码开关	
1	2 协议类型
OFF	OFF CANopen
ON	OFF CAN 主从

6.1.3 PROFINET 通讯卡(EC-TX509C)、EtherNet/IP 通讯卡（EC-TX510)和 Modbus TCP 通讯卡（EC-TX515)

采用标准的 RJ45 接口，端子信号定义如下：

引脚	名称	描述
1	TX+	Transmit Data+ (发信号+)
2	TX-	Transmit Data- (发信号-)
3	RX+	Receive Data+ (收信号+)
4、5、7、8	n/c	Not connected (空脚)
6	RX-	Receive Data- (收信号-)

6.2 电网同步扩展卡

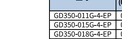
6.2.1 采集卡 (EC-PD101-01)

电网采集两路：变频器输出电网电压信号 V_{G1}、V_{G2}，并网侧电压 V_{G1}、V_{G2}、V_{RG}。

电网采样三路：变频器输出电网电压信号 I_{R1}、I_{S1}、I_{RG}

6.2.2 降压卡 (EC-PD101-02)

将高压电信号（380V 和 660V）降至为 5Vmax 左右的小信号，送到采集卡。



6.3 可编程扩展卡 (EC-PC502-00)

EC-PC502-00 采用国际主流的可编程扩展卡开发环境，支持 IL（指令语言）、LD（梯形图）、SFC（顺序功能图）3 种编程语言，可以替代部分微小型 PLC 应用。

此外，它还具有 16K 步用户程序存储空间，8K 字数据存储空间，支持掉电保存 1K 字的数据，硬电路输出采用欧式螺接端子，其他均采用弹簧式接线端子，支持二次开发。

SW1 为可编程扩展卡的运行停止开关，标识"120"是 120Ω终端电阻。默认情况下，J1 接 NC，J2 接 AV-，J5 接 AVO。

表 6-1 端子功能描述

类别	端子标识	端子名称	规格
电源	PW	外部电源	由外部向内部提供输入开关量工作电源 电压范围：12~30V 需自行配 2A/24V 短路使用
	24V	内部电源	内部输出电源，100mA
数字量输入输出	PS1—COM	开关量输入 1	内部阻抗：4kΩ
	PS2—COM	开关量输入 2	可接受 12~30V 电压输入
	PS3—COM	开关量输入 3	该端子为双向输入端子
	PS4—COM	开关量输入 4	最大输入频率：1kHz
	PS5—COM	开关量输入 5	源型、漏型输入均可，但输入类型必须相同
	PS6—COM	开关量输入 6	
模拟量输入输出	AI1	模拟量输入 1	输入范围：电压输入时 20kΩ，电流输入时 250Ω 电压或电流输入由"AI/AV"和 J2 跳线设定 分辨率：在 10V 对应 50Hz 时，最小分辨率 5mV 误差±1%（25℃，满量程）
	AO1	模拟量输出 1	输出范围：0~10V 电压或 0~20mA 电流 电压或电流输出由"AO/AOV"和 J5 跳线设定 误差±1%（25℃，满量程）
继电器输出	PRO1A	继电器 1 常开触点	
	PRO1C	继电器 1 公共触点	触点容量：2A/250VAC，1A/30VDC
	PRO2A	继电器 2 常开触点	不可用作高频开关输出
	PRO2C	继电器 2 公共触点	

表 6-2 LED 功能说

标识	名称	描述
LED1	电源灯	PWR 电源灯 亮：扩展卡通电 灭：扩展卡未通电
LED3	通信灯	COM 通信灯 亮：扩展卡与控制板正在建立连接 闪烁（亮 500ms，灭 500ms）：扩展卡与控制板连接正常 灭：扩展卡与控制板断开连接
LED4	故障灯	闪烁（亮 500ms，灭 500ms）：扩展卡出现错误（通过上位机 Auto Station 可查询错误类型） 灭：无故障
LED5	电源灯	PWR 电源灯 亮：扩展卡通电 灭：扩展卡未通电
LED6	状态灯	RUN 状态灯 亮：PLC 程序运行 灭：PLC 程序停止

附录A 能效数据

表 A-1 能耗和 IE 等级

型号	额定输出电流(A)	额定输出功率(kW)	额定输出电压(V)	最高工作温度(℃)	额定电源频率(Hz)	额定电源电压(V)
GD350-1R5G-4-EP	4.2	1.5	3.7	50℃ 当温度超过 40℃ 时，按照每升高 1℃ 降额 1% 的比例降额。	50Hz/60Hz 允许范围：47~63Hz	3PH 380V
GD350-2R2G-4-EP	5.8	2.2	5			
GD350-004G-4-EP	9.5	4	9.5			
GD350-5R5G-4-EP	13	5.5	14			
GD350-7R5G-4-EP	17	7.5	18.5			
GD350-011G-4-EP	25	11	25			
GD350-015G-4-EP	32	15	32			
GD350-018G-4-EP	37	18.5	38			
GD350-022G-4-EP	45	22	45			
GD350-030G-4-EP	60	30	60			
GD350-037G-4-EP	75	37	75			
GD350-045G-4-EP	90	45	92			
GD350-055G-4-EP	115	55	115			
GD350-075G-4-EP	150	75	150			
GD350-090G-4-EP	180	90	180			
GD350-110G-4-EP	215	110	215			
GD350-132G-4-EP	260	132	260			
GD350-160G-4-EP	305	160	305			
GD350-185G-4-EP	340	185	340			
GD350-200G-4-EP	380	200	380			
GD350-220G-4-EP	420	220	425			
GD350-250G-4-EP	480	250	480			
GD350-280G-4-EP	530	280	530			
GD350-315G-4-EP	605	315	600			
GD350-355G-4-EP	660	355	660			
GD350-400G-4-EP	720	400	720			
GD350-450G-4-EP	860	450	860			
GD350-500G-4-EP	960	500	960			
GD350-022G-6-EP	22	22	27			3PH 660V
GD350-355G-6-EP	434	355	380			

表 A-2 额定输出

型号	额定输出电流(A)	额定输出功率(kW)	额定输出电压(V)
GD350-1R5G-4-EP	2.4	1.5	3.7
GD350-2R2G-4-EP	3.3	2.2	5
GD350-004G-4-EP	6.2	4	9.5
GD350-5R5G-4-EP	9.2	5.5	14
GD350-7R5G-4-EP	12.2	7.5	18.5
GD350-011G-4-EP	16.4	11	25
GD350-015G-4-EP	21	15	32
GD350-018G-4-EP	25.0	18.5	38
GD350-022G-4-EP	29.6	22	45
GD350-030G-4-EP	39.4	30	60
GD350-037G-4-EP	49.3	37	75
GD350-045G-4-EP	60.5	45	92
GD350-055G-4-EP	75.7	55	115
GD350-075G-4-EP	98.7	75	150
GD350-090G-4-EP	118.5	90	180
GD350-110G-4-EP	141.5	110	215
GD350-132G-4-EP	171.1	132	260
GD350-160G-4-EP	208.7	160	305
GD350-185G-4-EP	223.7	185	340
GD350-200G-4-EP	250.1	200	380
GD350-220G-4-EP	279.1	220	425
GD350-250G-4-EP	315.9	250	480
GD350-280G-4-EP	348.8	280	530
GD350-315G-4-EP	394.9	315	600
GD350-355G-4-EP	427.8	355	650
GD350-400G-4-EP	473.8	400	720
GD350-450G-4-EP	539.7	450	860
GD350-500G-4-EP	566.0	500	860
GD350-022G-6-EP	30	22	27
GD350-355G-6-EP	434	355	380

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GD350-EP Series VFD Quick Start Guide

This guide briefly describes the external wiring, terminals, keypads, quick running, common function parameter settings, common faults and solutions, and widely used communication cards of GD350-EP series variable-frequency drive (VFD).

Visit www.invt.com for more information (including energy efficiency data) and source download. For details, see the full version of corresponding product e-manual.

Scan the QR code to view the full version of corresponding product e-manual.

Warning

- This guide only provides the basic installation and commissioning information. Failure to comply with the safety instructions and installation and commissioning instructions in the relevant documentation may result in accidents such as equipment damage, personal injury, or even death.
- Only trained and qualified professionals are allowed to carry out related operations.

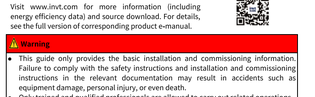
Danger

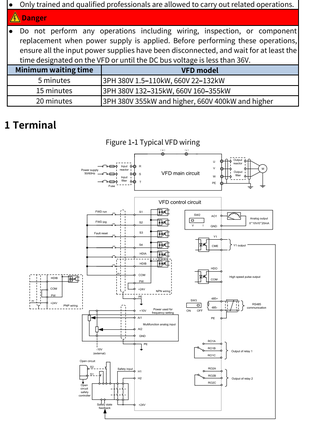
- Do not perform any operations including wiring, inspection, or component replacement when power supply is applied. Before performing these operations, ensure all the input power supplies have been disconnected, and wait for at least the time designated on the VFD or until the DC bus voltage is less than 36V.

Minimum waiting time	VFD model
5 minutes	3PH 380V 1.5–110kW, 660V 22–132kW
15 minutes	3PH 380V 132–315kW, 660V 160–355kW
20 minutes	3PH 380V 355kW and higher, 660V 400kW and higher

1 Terminal

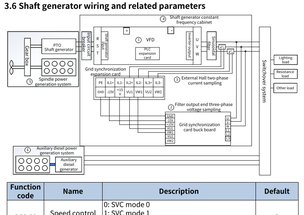
Figure 1-1 Typical VFD wiring




VFD control circuit
+24V
COM
DI1
DI2
DI3
DI4
DI5
HDI
S1
S2
485+
485-
PW
PE
Analog output
AO1
GND
Relay output
RO1A
RO1B
RO1C
Analog input
AI1
AI2
GND
+10V
Potentiometer
Multifunction analog input
Open collector output
Multifunction digital input
Multifunction relay output
Output of relay 1
Output of relay 2
Output of relay 3
Switch
Switch
Switch

Function code	Name	Description	Default
		phase loss (UOPL) protection. 1: Enable terminal board UVW output signal phase loss (UOPL) protection.	

3.6 Shaft generator wiring and related parameters



Function code	Name	Description	Default
P00.00	Speed control mode	0: SVC mode 0 1: SVC mode 1 2: V/F control 3: Closed-loop vector control mode	2
P00.01	Channel of running commands	0: Keypad 1: Terminal 2: Communication	2
P00.02	Communication mode of running commands	0: Modbus/Modbus TCP 1: PROFIBUS/CANopen/DeviceNet 2: Ethernet 3: EtherCAT/PROFINET/ EtherNet IP 4: Programmable card 5: Wireless communication card 6: USB (reserved)	4
P00.03	Max. output frequency	Max(P00.04,10.00)–599.00Hz	55.00Hz
P00.04	Upper limit of running frequency	P00.05–P00.03Hz	55.00Hz
P00.06	Setting channel of A frequency command Setting channel of B frequency command	0: Keypad digital 1: AI1 2: AI2 3: AI3 4: High-speed pulse HDIA 5: Simple PLC program 6: Multi-step speed running 7: PID control 8: Modbus/Modbus TCP communication 9: PROFIBUS/CANopen/DeviceNet communication 10: Ethernet communication 11: High-speed pulse HDIB 12: Pulse train AB 13: EtherCAT/PROFINET/EtherNet IP communication 14: PLC programmable card 15: Reserved	14
P00.11	ACC time 1	0.0–3600.0s	0.0s
P00.12	DEC time 1	0.0–3600.0s	0.0s
P00.14	Carrier frequency setting	1.0–15.0kHz	4.0kHz
P02.04	Rated voltage of AM 1	0–1200V	1000V
P04.00	V/F curve setting of motor 1	0: Straight-line V/F curve 1: Multi-point V/F curve 2: Torque-down V/F curve (power of 1.3) 3: Torque-down V/F curve (power of 1.7) 4: Torque-down V/F curve (power of 2.0) 5: Customized V/F curve (V/F separation)	5
P04.09	V/F slip compensation gain of motor 1	0–200.0% **Note:** Unnecessary for a power mode.	0.0%
P04.10	Low-frequency oscillation control factor of motor 1	0–100	10
P04.11	High-frequency oscillation control factor of motor 1	0–100	10
P04.27	Voltage setting channel	0: Keypad (The output voltage is determined by P04.28.) 1: AI1 2: AI2 3: AI3	12

Function code	Name	Description	Default
		4: HDIA 5: Multi-step speed running (The setting is determined by related parameters in group P10.) 6: PID 7: Modbus/Modbus TCP communication 8: PROFIBUS/CANopen/DeviceNet communication 9: Ethernet communication 10: HDIB 11: EtherCAT/PROFINET/ EtherNet IP communication 12: PLC programmable card 13: Reserved	
P04.29	Voltage increase time	0.0–3600.0s	5.0s
P04.30	Voltage decrease time	0.0–3600.0s	5.0s
P06.03	RO1 output selection	1: Running 54: Roll diameter of stop reached 55: Length reached 56: Fire mode enabled 57: Phase lock success (indicating the phase lock loop has locked the grid frequency and phase), which can be used to observe the VFD phase lock loop work status during commissioning 58: Synchronization success (indicating the VFD output is tracked and it is synchronous with the grid frequency and phase), which can be used to observe the VFD phase lock loop work status during commissioning 59: Power frequency output (forward) (Power/Variable frequency switchover application: Synchronization has been completed, used for power frequency contactor control. Power application: When the grid is on, the power frequency contactor is closed.) 60: Variable frequency output (Power/Variable frequency switchover application: Synchronization has been completed, used for power frequency contactor control. Power application: When the grid is off, the variable frequency contactor is closed.) 61: Bus undervoltage pre-alarm output 62: Power frequency output (indirect control)	1
P35.00	Closed-loop voltage feedback source	0: 0–1 0: Hardware sampling 1: Software calculation	1
P35.01	Output voltage display calibration coefficient (hardware)	0.0–200.0%	74.0%
P35.02	Output voltage display calibration coefficient (software)	0.0–200.0%	100.0%
P35.04	Hall current sampling ratio	0–2000	Set it as required.
P36.00	VFD working mode	0: Common mode 1: EPS mode 2: Switch from variable frequency to power frequency (without disturbance) 3: Switch from variable frequency to power frequency (with disturbance) 4: Voltage closed-loop mode 5: Shaft generator mode	5
P36.05	Sequence reversal/phase lock failure protection	0x000–0x211 LED ones place: The RST inputs on the terminal board are reversal. (UIPE) 0: Disable input sequence reversal protection. 1: Enable input sequence reversal protection. LED tens place: The UVW outputs on the terminal board are reversal. (UOPE) 0: Disable output sequence reversal protection. 1: Enable output sequence reversal protection. LED hundreds place: The RST phase lock on the terminal board fails. (PLLE) 0: The PLLE detection is always invalid. 1: The PLLE detection is valid at stop. 2: The PLLE detection is always valid.	0x010
P36.16	Terminal board phase loss protection	0x00–0x11 LED ones place: 0: Disable terminal board RST input signal phase loss (UIPL) protection. 1: Enable terminal board RST input signal phase loss (UIPL) protection. LED tens place:	0x10

Function code	Name	Description	Default
		0: Disable terminal board UVW output signal phase loss (UOPL) protection. 1: Enable terminal board UVW output signal phase loss (UOPL) protection.	

4 Common function parameter setup

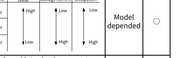
The following briefly describes only some common function parameters and typical values.

"○" indicates that the value of the parameter can be modified when the VFD is in stopped or running state.

"◎" indicates that the value of the parameter cannot be modified when the VFD is in running state.

"●" indicates that the value of the parameter is detected and recorded, and cannot be modified.

(The VFD automatically checks and constrains the modification of parameters, which helps prevent incorrect modifications.)

Function code	Name	Description	Default	Modify
P00.00	Speed control mode	0: SVC mode 0 1: SVC mode 1 2: Space voltage vector control mode 3: Closed-loop vector control mode	2	◎
P00.01	Channel of running commands	0: Keypad 1: Terminal 2: Communication	0	○
P00.02	Communication mode of running commands	0: Modbus/Modbus TCP 1: PROFIBUS/CANopen/DeviceNet 2: Ethernet 3: EtherCAT/PROFINET/Ethernet IP 4: Programmable card 5: Wireless communication card 6: Reserved **Note:** The options 0 (for Modbus/TCP), 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 are add-on functions, valid only when configured with related expansion cards.	0	○
P00.03	Max. output frequency	Max(P00.04,10.00)–599.00Hz	50.00Hz	◎
P00.04	Upper limit of running frequency	P00.05–P00.03 (Max. output frequency)	50.00Hz	◎
P00.05	Lower limit of running frequency	0.00Hz–P00.04 (Upper limit of running frequency)	0.00Hz	◎
P00.06	Setting channel of A frequency command	0: Keypad digital 1: AI1 2: AI2 3: AI3 4: High-speed pulse HDIA 5: Simple PLC program 6: Multi-step speed running 7: PID control 8: Modbus/Modbus TCP communication	0	○
P00.07	Setting channel of B frequency command		15	○
P00.10	Set frequency via keypad	0.00Hz–P00.03 (Max. output frequency)	50.00Hz	○
P00.11	ACC time 1	0.0–3600.0s	Model depended	○
P00.12	DEC time 1		Model depended	○
P00.13	Running direction	0: Run at the default direction. 1: Run at the opposite direction. 2: Disable reverse running.	0	○
P00.14	Carrier frequency setting		Model depended	○
P00.15	Motor parameter autotuning	Ones place: Motor basic parameter autotuning 0: No operation 1: Complete parameter rotary autotuning 2: Complete parameter static autotuning 3: Partial parameter static autotuning Tens place: Initial pole angle autotuning 0: No operation 1: Rotary autotuning 1 2: Static autotuning 1: Rotary autotuning 2 Hundreds place: Inertia autotuning 0: Disable 1: Enable	0	◎
P00.18	Function	0: No operation	0	◎

Function code	Name	Description	Default	Modify
	parameter restore	1: Restore default values (excluding motor parameters) 2: Clear fault records 5: Restore to default values (factory test mode) 6: Restore default values (including motor parameters)		
P01.00	Running mode of start	0: Direct start 1: Start after DC braking 2: Start after speed tracking (with exciting) 3: Start after speed tracking (without exciting) 4: Start after speed tracking (software)	0	◎
P01.08	Stop mode	0: Decelerate to stop 1: Coast to stop	0	○
P01.09	Starting frequency of DC braking for stop	0.00Hz–P00.03 (Max. output frequency)	0.00Hz	○
P01.11	DC braking current for stop	0.0–100.0%	0.0%	○
P01.12	DC braking time for stop	0.00–50.00s	0.00s	○
P01.18	Terminal-based running command protection at power-on	0: Invalid at power-on 1: Valid at power-on	0	◎
P02.00	Type of motor 1	0: Asynchronous motor (AM) 1: Synchronous motor (SM)	0	◎
P02.01	Rated power of AM 1	0.1–3000.0kW	Model depended	◎
P02.02	Rated frequency of AM 1	0.01Hz–P00.03 (Max. output frequency)	50.00Hz	◎
P02.03	Rated speed of AM 1	1–60000rpm	Model depended	◎
P02.04	Rated voltage of AM 1	0–1200V	Model depended	◎
P02.05	Rated current of AM 1	0.8–6000.0A	Model depended	◎
P03.00	Speed-loop proportional gain 1 of motor 1	0.0–200.0	20.0	○
P03.01	Speed-loop integral time 1 of motor 1	0.000–10.000s	0.200s	○
P03.03	Speed-loop proportional gain 2 of motor 1	0.0–200.0	20.0	○
P03.04	Speed-loop integral time 2 of motor 1	0.000–10.000s	0.200s	○
P03.11	Torque setting method selection	0: Keypad (P03.12) 1: Keypad (P03.12) 2: AI1 3: AI2 4: AI3 5: Pulse frequency HDI 6: Multi-step torque 7: Modbus/Modbus TCP communication	0	○
P03.54	Current-loop band width of motor 1	0–2000	400	○
P04.01	Torque boost of motor 1	0.0%: (Automatic torque boost), 0.1%–10.0%	0	○
P04.09	V/F slip compensation gain of motor 1	0.0–200.0%	100.0%	○
P04.10	Low-frequency oscillation control factor of motor 1	0–100	10	○
P04.11	High-frequency oscillation control factor of motor 1	0–100	10	○
P05.01	Function of S1	90: Second DC undervoltage point	1	◎
P05.02	Function of S2	91: Request to switch from variable frequency to power frequency	4	◎
P05.03	Function of S3	92: Request to switch from power frequency to variable frequency	7	◎
P05.04	Function of S4		0	◎
P05.29	AI2 lower limit	-10.00V–P05.31	-10.00V	○
P05.35	AI2 upper limit	P05.33–10.00V	10.00V	○
P06.01	Y1 output selection	54: Roll diameter of stop reached 55: Length reached 56: Fire mode enabled 57: Phase lock success (indicating the phase lock loop has locked the grid frequency and phase), which can be used to observe the VFD phase lock loop work status during commissioning 58: Synchronization success	0	○
P06.02	HDO output selection		0	○
P06.03	RO1 output selection		1	○
P06.04	RO2 output selection		5	○

Function code	Name	Description	Default	Modify
		(indicating the VFD output is tracked and it is synchronous with the grid frequency and phase), which can be used to observe the VFD phase lock loop work status during commissioning 59: Power frequency output (forward) (Power/Variable frequency switchover application: Synchronization has been completed, used for power frequency contactor control. Power application: When the grid is on, the power frequency contactor is closed.) 60: Variable frequency output (Power/Variable frequency switchover application: Synchronization has been completed, used for power frequency contactor control. Power application: When the grid is off, the variable frequency contactor is closed.) 61: Bus undervoltage pre-alarm output 62: Power frequency output (indirect control)		
P06.14	AO1 analog output	0: Running frequency 1: Set frequency 3: Rotation speed (Relative to twice the motor synchronous rotation speed) 4: Output current (Relative to twice the VFD rated current) 5: Output current (Relative to twice the motor rated current) 6: Output voltage (Relative to 1.5 times the VFD rated voltage) 7: Output power (Relative to twice the motor rated power) 33: Set tension output	0	○
P06.16	HDO high-speed pulse output		0	○
P06.17–P06.21	AO1 output upper limit settings	For details, see the full version of corresponding product e-manual.	-	○
P07.00	User password	0–65535	0	○
P07.27–P07.32	Present fault type – 5th-last fault type	0–84 (0: No fault) For details, see the full version of corresponding product e-manual.	0	○
P08.28	Auto fault reset count	0–10	0	○
P08.29	Auto fault reset interval	0.1–3600.0s	1.0s	○
P08.37	Enabling energy-consumption braking	0x00–0x11 Ones place: Energy-consumption braking selection 0: Disable 1: Enable Tens place: Braking short-circuit protection selection 0: Disable braking short-circuit protection 1: Enable braking short-circuit protection **Note:** Braking short-circuit protection is disabled for 22kW and lower VFDs and 45–75kW VFDs by default.	0x01	○
P09.02	PID feedback source selection	Specifies the PID feedback channel. Setting range: 0–11 0: AI1 1: AI2 2: AI3 3: High-speed pulse HDIA 4: Modbus/Modbus TCP communication 5: PROFIBUS/CANopen/DeviceNet communication 6: Ethernet communication 7: High-speed pulse HDIB 8: PROFINET/EtherNet IP communication 9: Programmable card 10: Synchronization card UVW voltage (effective value) 11: Reserved **Note:** The reference channel and feedback channel cannot be duplicate. Otherwise, effective PID control cannot be achieved.	0	○
P14.00	Local communication address	1–247 **Note:** The communication address of a slave cannot be to 0.	1	○
P14.01	Communication baud rate setting	0: 1200bps 1: 2400bps	4	○

Function code	Name	Description	Default	Modify
		2: 4800bps 3: 9600bps 4: 19200bps 5: 38400bps 6: 57600bps 7: 115200bps		
P14.02	Data bit check setting	0: No check (N, 8, 1) for RTU 1: Even check (E, 8, 1) for RTU 2: Odd check (O, 8, 1) for RTU 3: No check (N, 8, 2) for RTU 4: Even check (E, 8, 2) for RTU 5: Odd check (O, 8, 2) for RTU	1	○
P15.01	Module address	0–127	2	○
P15.02–P15.12 and P16.32–P16.42	Received PZD2–Received PZD12	0–31 1: Set frequency (0–Fmax, unit: 0.01Hz) 2: PID reference (–1000–1000, in which 1000 corresponds to 100.0%) 3: PID feedback (–1000–1000, in which 1000 corresponds to 100.0%) 4: Torque setting (–3000–+3000, in which 1000 corresponds to 100.0% of the motor rated current) 5: Setting of the upper limit of forward running frequency (0–Fmax, unit: 0.01 Hz) 6: Setting of the upper limit of reverse running frequency (0–Fmax, unit: 0.01 Hz) 7: Upper limit of the electromotive torque (0–3000, in which 1000 corresponds to 100.0% of the motor rated current) 8: Upper limit of braking torque (0–3000, in which 1000 corresponds to 100% of the motor rated current) 9: Virtual input terminal command. Range: 0x000–0x3FF 10: Virtual output terminal command. Range: 0x00–0x0F 11: Voltage setting (special for V/F separation) (0–1000, in which 1000 corresponds to 100% of the motor rated voltage) 12: AO1 output setting 1 (–1000–1000, in which 1000 corresponds to 100.0%) 13: AO2 output setting 2 (–1000–1000, in which 1000 corresponds to 100.0%) 14: High bit of position reference (signed) 15: Low bit of position reference (unsigned) 16: High bit of position feedback (signed) 17: Low bit of position feedback (unsigned) 18: Position feedback setting flag (position feedback can be set only after this flag is set to 1 and then to 0) 19: Function parameter mapping (P2D2–P2D12 correspond to P14.49–P14.59) 20–31: Reserved	0	○
P15.13–P15.23 and P16.43–P16.53	Sent PZD2–Sent PZD12	0–31 1: Running frequency (×100, Hz) 4: Output voltage (×1, V) 5: Output current (×10, A) 6: Actual output torque (×10, %) 7: Actual output power (×10, %) 8: Rotation speed of running (×1, RPM) 9: Linear speed of running (×1, m/s) 10: Ramp reference frequency 11: Fault code 12: AI1 input (×100, V) 13: AI2 input (×100, V) 14: AI3 input (x100, V) 15: HDIA frequency value (×100, kHz) 16: Terminal input status 17: Terminal output status 18: PID reference (×100, %) 19: PID feedback (×100, %) 20: Motor rated torque 21: High bit of position reference (signed) 22: Low bit of position reference (unsigned) 23: High bit of position feedback (signed) 24: Low bit of position feedback (unsigned) 25: Status word	0	○

Function code	Name	Description	Default	Modify
		26: HDIB frequency value (×100, kHz) 27: PG card pulse feedback count high bit 28: PG card pulse feedback count low bit 29: PG card pulse reference count high bit 30: PG card pulse reference count low bit 31: Function parameter mapping (P2D2–P2D12 correspond to P14.60–P14.70)		
P35.00	Closed-loop voltage feedback source	0–1 0: Hardware sampling 1: Software calculation	0	○
P35.01	Output voltage display calibration coefficient (hardware)	0.0–200.0%	100.0%	○
P35.02	Output voltage display calibration coefficient (software)	0.0–200.0%	100.0%	○
P35.03	Hall current calibration coefficient	0.0–200.0%	100.0%	○
P35.04	Hall current sampling ratio	0–2000	0	○
P35.05	Undervoltage pre-alarm delay	0.0–20.0s **Note:** ● In running: When the bus voltage is lower than the undervoltage point + 40V, a delay alarm starts; when the bus voltage is lower than the undervoltage point and the delay time is reached, an undervoltage fault is reported. ● In other states: When the bus voltage is lower than the undervoltage point, PoFF is reported.	0.0s	○
P35.06	Software undervoltage point 1	0.0–2000.0V	420.0V	◎
P35.07	Software undervoltage recovery point 1	0.0–2000.0V	480.0V	◎
P35.08	Software undervoltage point 2	0.0–2000.0V	380.0V	◎
P35.09	Software undervoltage recovery point 2	0.0–2000.0V	480.0V	◎
P35.10	Voltage compensation gain	0–200 **Note:** (Invalid in voltage PID closed-loop) It is applied to open-loop control, mainly for heavy load operation, which requires voltage compensation mode.	0	○
P35.11	Output angle compensation	-180.0–180.0° **Note:** (Valid only for synchronization mode.) 0.0 ° indicates automatic phase compensation mode, while non 0.0 ° indicates manual phase compensation mode.	0.0°	○
P35.12	Droop adjustable active power	0.1–3000.0kW	Model depended (0.4kW)	◎
P35.13	Droop adjustable reactive power	0.1–3000.0kVar	Model depended (0.4kVar)	◎
P35.14	Corresponding frequency of droop active power	0.00–2.00Hz	1.00Hz	○
P35.15	Corresponding frequency of droop reactive power	0.00–20.00V	10.00V	○
P36.00	VFD working mode	0–5 0: Common mode 1: EPS mode 2: Switch from variable frequency to power frequency (without disturbance) 3: Switch from variable frequency to power frequency (with disturbance) 4: Voltage closed-loop mode 5: Shaft generator mode **Note:** The frequency corresponding to option 2 or 3 is the	0	◎

Function code	Name	Description	Default	Modify
P36.01	Grid frequency synchronization mode	phase lock grid voltage frequency specified by P37.00, and the running direction depends on whether the frequency is positive or negative. Do not change the setting of P00.13 to change the direction. If you need to change the motor direction, adjust the UVW output wires. 0x000–0x111 LED ones place: Frequency control enabling selection 0: Non-grid frequency synchronization mode 1: Grid frequency synchronization mode (in this mode, slip compensation and automatic torque boost are invalid) LED tens place: Grid phase lock action 0: Quick tracking mode (discontinuous phases, adjusted) 1: Continuous phases (not adjusted) LED hundreds place: Frequency increase action in synchronization mode 0: Increase to the grid frequency 1: Direct start to the grid frequency (usually used in resistance load)	0x000	◎
P36.02	Phase lock test mode selection	0–1 0: The test mode is invalid. 1: The test mode is valid. You can simulate the grid voltage input according to the settings of P36.03–P36.04, and at the same time the actual grid input is screened out.)	0	○
P36.03	Simulated grid frequency	–60.00–60.00Hz	50.00Hz	○
P36.04	Simulated grid voltage	0–1500V	380V	○
P36.05	Sequence reversal/phase lock failure protection	0x000–0x211 LED ones place: The RST inputs on the terminal board are reversal. (UIPE) 0: Disable input sequence reversal protection. 1: Enable input sequence reversal protection. LED tens place: The UVW outputs on the terminal board are reversal. (UOPE) 0: Disable output sequence reversal protection. 1: Enable output sequence reversal protection. LED hundreds place: The RST phase lock on the terminal board fails. (PLLE) 0: The PLLE detection is always invalid. 1: The PLLE detection is valid at stop. 2: The PLLE detection is always valid.	0x211	○
P36.06	Disturbed variable/power frequency switchover stop autotuning time	-180.0–180.0° **Note:** (Valid only for synchronization mode.) 0.0 ° indicates automatic phase compensation mode, while non 0.0 ° indicates manual phase compensation mode. 0.500–10.000s	0.500s	○
P36.07	Variable/power frequency switchover parameter settings	0x0000–0x1111 LED ones place: Enable contactor action time autotuning. 0: Disable 1: Enable LED tens place: Positive sequence frequency upper limit fine-tuning and phase angle compensation automatic autotuning 0: Disable 1: Enable LED hundreds place: Power frequency contactor electrical self-locking retention 0: Disable 1: Enable LED thousands place: Reset system status. 0: Disable 1: Enable **Note:** ● LED hundreds place: Power frequency contactor electrical self-locking retention The contactor action time requires autotuning three times and an average value is taken. The contactor feedback contact can only be connected to S2 for closing time autotuning.	0x0000	◎

Function code	Name	Description	Default	Modify
P36.08	Disturbed power frequency contactor action time	• Before autotuning frequency fine-tuning, complete contactor autotuning. • If the disturbed power frequency contactor switchover is enabled, the power frequency relay will be disconnected 0.5 seconds later, and you need to perform electrical self-locking retention.		
P36.09	Variable/power frequency switching contactor action time offset value	-2.000–2.000s	0.000s	○
P36.10	Positive sequence fine-tuned frequency upper limit	0.00–10.00Hz	0.50Hz	○
P36.11	Positive sequence phase angle compensation value	-180.0–180.0°	10.0°	○
P36.12	Negative sequence fine-tuned frequency upper limit	0.00–10.00Hz	0.50Hz	○
P36.13	Negative sequence phase angle compensation value	-180.0–180.0°	10.0°	○
P36.14	Software delay after power frequency request	0.500–10.000s	0.000s	○
P36.15	Synchronization output filter count	0–65535	6	○
P36.16	Terminal board phase loss protection	0x00–0x11 LED ones place: 0: Disable terminal board RST input signal phase loss (UIPL) protection. 1: Enable terminal board RST input signal phase loss (UIPL) protection. LED tens place: 0: Disable terminal board UVW output signal phase loss (UOPL) protection. 1: Enable terminal board UVW output signal phase loss (UOPL) protection.	0x00	○
P37.00	Grid voltage frequency	-60.00–60.00Hz	0.00Hz	●
P37.01	Grid voltage effective value	0–2000V	0V	●
P37.02	Output voltage frequency	-60.00–60.00Hz	0.00Hz	●
P37.03	Output voltage effective value	0–2000V	0V	●
P37.04	Hall current effective value	0.0–6000.0A	0.0A	●
P37.05	Grid phase lock output status	0x0000–0x1111 LED ones place: Grid power-on signal 0: The grid is powered off. 1: The grid is powered on. LED tens place: Phase lock loop initialization flag 0: Phase lock loop initialization has not been completed. 1: Phase lock loop initialization has been completed. LED hundreds place: 50 or 60Hz grid display 0: 50Hz grid 1: 60Hz grid LED thousands place: Phase lock success flag 0: Phase lock failed. 1: Phase lock is successful.	0x0000	●
P37.06	Switchover signal	0x0–0x1 LED ones place: Switchover signal 0: No switchover signal has been output. 1: Switchover signal has been output.	0x0	●
P37.07	Grid collection card software version	1.00–655.35	Version depended	●
P37.08	Shaft generator output active power	0.0–3000.0kW	0.0kW	●
P37.09	Shaft generator	0.0–3000.0kVar	0.0kVar	●

Function code	Name	Description	Default	Modify
P37.10	output reactive power			
P37.11	Shaft generator output power factor	-1.00–1.00	0.00	●
P37.11	Shaft generator PLC frequency regulation command	0–1000V	0V	●
P37.12	Shaft generator PLC frequency regulation command	0.00–60.00Hz	0.00Hz	●

5 Common faults and solutions

Note: Our fault code scheme is being upgraded. Some products use the old scheme and the others use the new one, which are listed in "Fault code display".

Fault code display		Fault type	Possible cause	Solution
OUt1	E1	Inverter unit U-phase protection	ACC/DEC is too fast. IGBT module damaged. Misoperation caused by interference. Drive wires are poorly connected. Short circuit occurred. Sparks occurred inside due to poor use environment conditions.	Increase ACC/DEC time. Change the inverter unit. Check whether the devices and system are grounded reliably. Check for loose drive wires. Check for abnormal motor wiring and motor-to-ground short connection. Remove the dust or oil stain inside the VFD regularly.
OUt2	E2	Inverter unit V-phase protection		
OUt3	E3	Inverter unit W-phase protection		
OC1	E4	Overcurrent during ACC	ACC/DEC is too fast. Grid voltage is too low. VFD power too small. Load transient or exception occurred. 3PH output current imbalance. Strong external interference sources (contactor switchover or improper grounding).	Increase ACC/DEC time. Increase grid input voltage. Select a VFD with larger power. Check for motor stalling, short connection, and load device exceptions. Check for abnormal VFD 3PH output voltage and motor 3PH resistance imbalance. Check for strong interference (whether motor cable is far away from contactor and system is grounded reliably).
OC2	E5	Overcurrent during DEC		
OC3	E6	Overcurrent during constant speed running		
OV1	E7	Overvoltage during ACC	ACC/DEC time is too short. Abnormal input voltage. Motor started during rotating. Load energy regeneration too large. Dynamic braking disabled.	Increase ACC/DEC time. Check the input power. Use the speed tracking start function. Add dynamic braking devices or regenerative units. Set dynamic braking function parameters.
OV2	E8	Overvoltage during DEC		
OV3	E9	Overvoltage during constant speed running		
UV	E10	Bus undervoltage fault	Grid voltage is too low. Bus voltage display is abnormal. Check whether the buffer contactor closing is normal.	Increase grid input voltage. Contact the manufacturer. Contact the manufacturer.
OL1	E11	Motor overload	The grid voltage is too low. Motor rated current set incorrectly. Motor stalling or load sudden change too great.	Increase grid input voltage. Reset the motor rated current in the motor parameter group. Check the load and adjust the torque boost value.
OL2	E12	VFD overload	ACC too fast. Motor restarted during rotating. Grid voltage too low. Load too heavy. VFD power too small.	Increase ACC time. Avoid restart upon stop or enable speed tracking start. Increase grid input voltage. Select a VFD with larger power.
SPI	E13	Phase loss on input side	Phase loss or violent fluctuation occurred on inputs R, S, and T. Screws on the input side are loose.	Check whether the input power is normal and input cables are loose. Set parameters to screen out the fault.
SPO	E14	Phase loss on output side	Output cables broken or short connected to the ground. U/V/W output phase loss or seriously asymmetrical 3PH loads.	Check for loose or broken output cables. Check for sharp load fluctuation and motor 3PH resistance imbalance.
OH2	E16	Inverter module overheat	Air duct blocked or fan damaged. Ambient temperature too high. Long-time overload	Ventilate the air duct or replace the fan. Keep good ventilation to lower ambient temperature. Select a VFD with larger power.

Fault code display		Fault type	Possible cause	Solution
CE	E18	RS485 communication fault	running. Improper baud rate. Communication line fault. Incorrect communication address. Communication suffers from strong interference.	Set a proper baud rate. Check the wiring of communication interfaces. Set the communication address correctly. Replace or change wiring to enhance anti-interference.
tE	E20	Motor autotuning fault	Change the VFD model. Set the motor type and nameplate parameters correctly. Empty the motor load and re-perform autotuning. Check motor wiring and parameter settings. Check whether the upper limit frequency is greater than 2/3 of the rated frequency.	
dEu	E34	Speed deviation fault	The load is too heavy or stalled.	Check for overload, increase speed deviation detection time, or prolong ACC/DEC time. Check motor parameter settings and re-perform motor parameter autotuning. Check speed loop control parameter settings.
STo	E35	Mal-adjustment fault	Load exception. Incorrect SM parameter settings. Autotuned motor parameters are inaccurate. The VFD is disconnected from the motor. Flux weakening application.	Check for overload or stalling. Check motor parameter and counter EMF settings. Re-perform motor parameter autotuning. Increase maladjustment detection time. Adjust flux weakening coefficient and current loop parameters.
G-TE	E77	Grid collection card sampling detection fault	Sampling circuit zero drifting too large.	Replace the grid collection card.
PLLE	E78	Phase lock failure	If the deviation between the locked frequency and the grid frequency exceeds 2Hz after 250ms, or if the grid suddenly loses power and the operation cannot go on for power down, the PLLE fault will be reported.	Ensure that the RST terminal wiring is normal and powered on.
UIPE	E79	Synchronization card input reversal	When the phase lock grid voltage frequency (P37.00) is reversal to the wave generation frequency, the system reports input reversal.	Ensure the three-phase RST input wiring is normal, and ensure the forward/reverse direction (indicator) on the keypad is consistent with the phase lock grid voltage frequency (P37.00).
UOPE	E80	Synchronization card output reversal	When the output frequency (P37.03) is reverse to the phase lock grid voltage frequency (P37.00) and the effective value of the output voltage exceeds 0.25 times the rated voltage, the system reports output reversal.	Check the feedback voltage UVW sampling wiring sequence.
UIPL	E81	Synchronization card input phase loss	In non fault state, the RST input voltages of the synchronization card are unbalanced.	Check whether the synchronization card RST terminals are powered on and wired properly.
UOPL	E82	Synchronization card output phase loss	In mode 1 or 2 of P36.00, the UVW output voltages of the synchronization card are unbalanced after successful synchronization in non fault state.	Check whether the synchronization card UVW terminals are powered on and wired properly.

6 Expansion card

6.1 Common communication cards

6.1.1 PROFIBUS-DP communication card (EC-TX503)

It uses a 9-pin D-type connector, as shown in the following figure:

Connector pin	Description
1, 2, 7, 9	-
3	B-Line
4	RTS
5	GND_BUS
6	+5V BUS
8	A-Line
Housing	SHLD

6.1.2 CAN multi-protocol communication card (EC-TX505C)

It uses European-style screw terminals.

Terminal symbol	Name	Description
PGND	Isolation ground	Isolation ground
PE	Shielded cable	CAN bus shielding
CANH	CAN positive input	CAN bus high level signal
CANL	CAN negative input	CAN bus low level signal
CAN	CAN terminal resistor switch	OFF: No terminal resistor is connected between CAN_H and CAN_L. ON: A terminal resistor is connected between CAN_H and CAN_L.

Note: For this card, before power-on, set the SW2 switch according to the mapping between protocols and positions.

SW2		
1	2	Protocol SM type
OFF	OFF	CANopen
ON	OFF	CAN master/slave

6.1.3 PROFINET communication card (EC-TX509C), Ethernet/IP communication card (EC-TX510), and Modbus TCP communication card (EC-TX515)

The communication cards use standard RJ45 interface, of which terminal signals are described as follows:

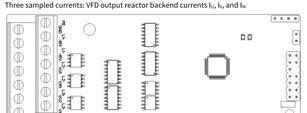
Pin	Name	Description
1	TX+	Transmit Data+
2	TX-	Transmit Data-
3	RX+	Receive Data+
4, 5, 7, 8	n/c	Not connected
6	RX-	Receive Data-

6.2 Grid synchronization card

6.2.1 Collection card (EC-PD101-01)

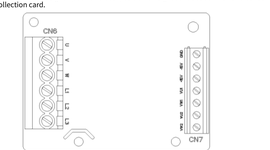
Two channels of sampled voltages: VFD output reactor backend voltages V_{1U}, V_{1V}, and V_{1W}; grid-connected side voltages V_{2U}, V_{2V}, and V_{2W}

Three sampled currents: VFD output reactor backend currents I_{1U}, I_{1V}, and I_{1W}



6.2.2 Buck card (EC-PD101-02)

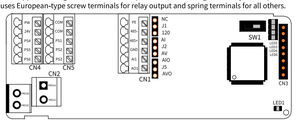
It reduces a high voltage signal (380V and 660V) to a small signal of about 5Vmax and sends it to the collection card.



6.3 Programmable expansion card (EC-PC502-00)

The EC-PC502-00 expansion card adopts the global mainstream programmable expansion card development environment and supports the instruction language (IL), ladder diagram

(LD), and sequential function chart (SFC), which can replace some micro PLC applications. It supplies a user program storage space of 16K steps and data storage space of 8K words, and supports saving data of 1K words at power off, facilitating secondary development. It uses European-type screw terminals for relay output and spring terminals for all others.



"SW1" indicates the start/stop switch of the programmable expansion card and "120" indicates 120Ω terminal resistor. By default, J1 connects to NC, J2 to AV, and J5 to AVO. The terminals are arranged as follows.

Table 6-1 Terminal description

Category	Terminal symbol	Terminal name	Specifications
Power supply	PW	External power	• Used to provide input digital working power from the external to the internal • Voltage range: 12–30V • PW and +24V should be short-connected.
	24V	Internal power	• Internal output power, 100mA
Digital input/output	PS1—COM	Digital input 1	• Internal impedance: 4kΩ • 12–30V voltage input is acceptable • Bi-direction input terminal • Max. input frequency: 1kHz • Source/sink inputs, and the input type should be consistent
	PS2—COM	Digital input 2	
	PS3—COM	Digital input 3	
	PS4—COM	Digital input 4	
	PS5—COM	Digital input 5	
	PS6—COM	Digital input 6	
Analog input/output	AI1	Analog input 1	• Input range: For AI1, 0–10V or 0–20mA • Input impedance: 20kΩ for voltage input; 250Ω for current input • Whether voltage or current is used for input is set through the jumper "AI/AV" and J2. • Resolution: 5mV when 10V corresponds to 50Hz • Deviation: ±1% (25°C, full measuring range)
	AO1	Analog output 1	• Output range: 0–10V or 0–20mA • Whether voltage or current is used for output is set through the jumper "AO/AVO" and J5. • Deviation: ±1% (25°C, full measuring range)
Relay output	PRO1A	NO contact of relay 1	• Contact capacity: 2A/250VAC, 1A/30VDC • Cannot be used as high frequency digital output.
	PRO1C	Common contact of relay 1	
	PRO2A	NO contact of relay 2	
	PRO2C	Common contact of relay 2	

Table 6-2 Indicator description

Symbol	Name	Description
LED1	Power indicator	PWR power indicator • On: The expansion card is powered on. • Off: The expansion card is not powered on.
LED3	Communication indicator	COM communication indicator • On: The expansion card is connecting with the control board. • Blinking (On: 500ms; Off: 500ms): The expansion card is connected with the control board. • Off: The expansion card is disconnected from the control board.
LED4	Fault indicator	ERR fault indicator • Blinking (On: 500ms; Off: 500ms): An error occurs to the expansion card. (The error type can be queried through the host controller software Auto Station.) • Off: No fault
LED5	Power indicator	PWR power indicator • On: The PLC program is running. • Off: The PLC program stops.
LED6	Status indicator	RUN status indicator • On: The PLC program is running. • Off: The PLC program stops.

Appendix A Energy efficiency data

Table A-1 Power loss and IE class

Model	Relative loss (%)							Standby loss (W)	IE class
	(0;25)	(0;50)	(0;100)	(50;25)	(50;50)	(50;100)	(90;50)	(90;100)		
GD350-1R5G-4-EP	1.54	1.50	1.67	1.12	1.04	1.45	0.91	1.45	3	IE2
GD350-2R2G-4-EP	1.21	1.96	2.43	0.80	1.00	1.50	0.83	1.43	5	IE2
GD350-004G-4-EP	1.13	1.40	2.05	1.14	1.43	2.14	1.41	2.28	6	IE2
GD350-5R5G-4-EP	0.94	1.27	2.07	1.01	1.38	2.33	1.53	2.60	8	IE2
GD350-7R5G-4-EP	0.76	0.96	1.53	0.85	1.04	2.25	1.17	1.86	7	IE2
GD350-011G-4-EP	0.61	0.84	1.55	0.61	1.04	1.97	0.99	2.16	9	IE2
GD350-015G-4-EP	0.42	0.52	1.27	0.55	0.73	1.46	0.78	1.66	9	IE2
GD350-018G-4-EP	0.54	0.74	1.2	0.77	1.03	1.70	0.96	1.65	11	IE2
GD350-022G-4-EP	0.47	0.67	1.21	0.67	0.90	1.54	0.87	1.38	11	IE2
GD350-030G-4-EP	0.53	0.72	0.71	0.71	0.9	0.85	1.45	1.5	13	IE2
GD350-037G-4-EP	0.47	0.69	1.39	0.63	0.88	1.60	0.99	1.72	14	IE2
GD350-045G-4-EP	0.49	0.69	1.39	0.78	1.00	1.64	0.97	1.66	21	IE2
GD350-055G-4-EP	0.51	0.69	1.26	0.71	0.89	1.47	0.88	1.40	22	IE2
GD350-075G-4-EP	0.44	0.61	1.12	0.51	0.69	1.29	0.76	1.42	22	IE2
GD350-090G-4-EP	0.42	0.59	1.15	0.47	0.65	1.29	0.90	1.48	25	IE2
GD350-110G-4-EP	0.43	0.63	1.30	0.48	0.75	1.64	0.80	1.78	28	IE2
GD350-132G-4-EP	0.47	0.59	1.06	0.61	0.71	1.28	0.85	1.43	55	IE2
GD350-160G-4-EP	0.59	0.71	1.36	1.22	0.97	1.87	1.00	1.84	55	IE2
GD350-185G-4-EP	0.62	0.76	1.21	1.17	1.12	1.70	1.08	1.61	55	IE2
GD350-200G-4-EP	0.53	0.71	1.42	0.74	0.94	1.81	1.00	1.84	55	IE2
GD350-220G-4-EP	0.33	0.42	0.69	0.85	0.95	1.33	1.10	1.18	80	IE2
GD350-250G-4-EP	0.38	0.59	1.22	0.65	0.92	1.67	0.93	1.74	80	IE2
GD350-280G-4-EP	0.40	0.59	1.10	0.64	0.89	1.58	1.12	1.35	80	IE2
GD350-315G-4-EP	0.56	0.35	0.79	0.94	0.94	1.63	1.36	2.22	80	IE2
GD350-355G-4-EP	0.37	0.47	0.98	0.91	1.11	1.95	1.41	2.44	80	IE2
GD350-400G-4-EP	0.17	0.26	0.42	0.28	0.41	0.74	0.47	0.92	80	IE2
GD350-450G-4-EP	0.31	0.54	0.98	0.46	0.62	1.02	0.67	0.85	80	IE2
GD350-500G-4-EP	0.32	0.55	0.98	0.45	0.61	1.02	0.66	0.83	80	IE2
GD350-022G-6-EP	0.43	0.72	0.99	0.46	1.04	2.03	1.7	2.76	11	IE2
GD350-030G-6-EP	0.40	0.57	1.06	0.63	0.95	1.62	1.08	1.86	13	IE2
GD350-037G-6-EP	0.40	0.56	1.06	0.64	0.96	1.61	1.04	1.84	13	IE2
GD350-045G-6-EP	0.38	0.58	1.03	0.57	0.94	1.62	1.02	1.90	13	IE2
GD350-055G-6-EP	0.36	0.56	1.04	0.56	0.93	1.53	1.03	1.87	22	IE2
GD350-075G-6-EP	0.34	0.55	1.00	0.54	0.94	1.52	1.02	1.86	22	IE2
GD350-090G-6-EP	0.34	0.54	0.96	0.54	0.95	1.56	1.04	1.81	22	IE2
GD350-110G-6-EP	0.33	0.52	0.98	0.52	0.92	1.54	1.03	1.83	22	IE2
GD350-132G-6-EP	0.34	0.53	0.98	0.55	0.92	1.54	1.02	1.82	22	IE2
GD350-160G-6-EP	0.33	0.56	0.99	0.52	0.96	1.52	1.04	1.87	46	IE2
GD350-185G-6-EP	0.32	0.54	1.00	0.51	0.92	1.52	1.03	1.85	46	IE2
GD350-200G-6-EP	0.33	0.53	1.00	0.52	0.94	1.51	1.00	1.89	46	IE2
GD350-220G-6-EP	0.35	0.56	0.98	0.53	0.95	1.53	1.02	1.86	46	IE2
GD350-250G-6-EP	0.34	0.53	0.97	0.52	0.97	1.50	1.03	1.83	68	IE2
GD350-280G-6-EP	0.34	0.54	0.98	0.54	0.96	1.52	1.01	1.87	68	IE2
GD350-315G-6-EP	0.33	0.55	0.96	0.54	0.92	1.53	1.02	1.85	68	IE2
GD350-355G-6-EP	0.35	0.26	0.35	0.37	0.5	0.63	0.81	0.92	80	IE2
GD350-400G-6-EP	0.33	0.54	0.97	0.52	0.95	1.54	1.02	1.86	80	IE2
GD350-450G-6-EP	0.34	0.53	0.95	0.51	0.94	1.56	1.02	1.82	80	IE2
GD350-500G-6-EP	0.35	0.52	0.98	0.51	0.93	1.52	1.03	1.87	80	IE2
GD350-560G-6-EP	0.33	0.51	0.96	0.53	0.92	1.51	1.02	1.83	80	IE2
GD350-630G-6-EP	0.36	0.54	0.96	0.52	0.94	1.53	1.02	1.84	80	IE2

Table A-2 Rated specifications

Model	Apparent power (kVA)	Rated input power (kW)	Rated output current (A)	Max. working temperature (°C)	Rated power frequency (Hz)	Rated power voltage (V)
GD350-1R5G-4-EP	2.4	1.5	3.7	50°C Derate by 1% for every increase of 1°C when the temperature exceeds 40°C.	50Hz/60Hz Allowed range: 47–63Hz	3PH 380V
GD350-2R2G-4-EP	3.3	2.2	5			
GD350-004G-4-EP	6.2	4	9.5			
GD350-5R5G-4-EP	9.2	5.5	14			
GD350-7R5G-4-EP	12.2	7.5	18.5			
GD350-011G-4-EP	16.4	11	25			
GD350-015G-4-EP	21.0	15	32			
GD350-018G-4-EP	25.0	18.5	38			
GD350-022G-4-EP	29.6	22	45			
GD350-030G-4-EP	39.4	30	60			
GD350-037G-4-EP	49.3	37	75			
GD350-045G-4-EP	60.5	45	92			
GD350-055G-4-EP	75.7	55	115			
GD350-075G-4-EP	98.7	75	150			
GD350-090G-4-EP	118.5	90	180			
GD350-110G-4-EP	141.5	110	215			
GD350-132G-4-EP	171.1	132	260			
GD350-160G-4-EP	200.7	160	305			
GD350-185G-4-EP	223.7	185	340			

Model	Apparent power (kVA)	Rated output power (kW)	Rated output current (A)	Max. working temperature (°C)	Rated power frequency (Hz)	Rated power voltage (V)
GD350-200G-4-EP	250.1	200	380			
GD350-220G-4-EP	279.7	220	425			
GD350-250G-4-EP	315.9	250	480			
GD350-280G-4-EP	348.8	280	530			
GD350-315G-4-EP	394.9	315	600			
GD350-355G-4-EP	427.8	355	650			
GD350-400G-4-EP	473.8	400	720			
GD350-450G-4-EP	539.7	450	820			
GD350-500G-4-EP	566.0	500	860			
GD350-022G-6-EP	30	22	27			3PH 660V
GD350-355G-6-EP	434	355	380			

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